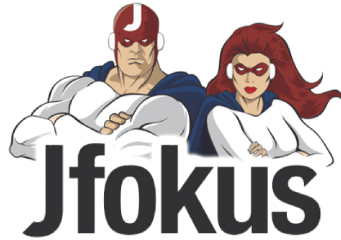


# ninja tricks for



# system scripting



01

by Andrey Adamovich

@codingandrey

# About me

02

# Andrey Adamovich



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# Exposed to operations

- Maintenance scripts (backup, cleaning, monitoring)
- Scheduled/CRON jobs (transfers, conversions, notifications)
- Automation tasks (deployment, packaging, testing)
- Web applications (status pages, back doors, dashboards)

# Why Groovy?

# Native system scripting

- Bash, Dash, Zsh, Fish, Csh etc.
- Bat, Cmd and, eventually, PowerShell (PoSH)

# Arrays in BAT?

## Arrays in Batch

### Arrays in Batch Files by Jakash3

Written by Jakash3  
December 18, 2009

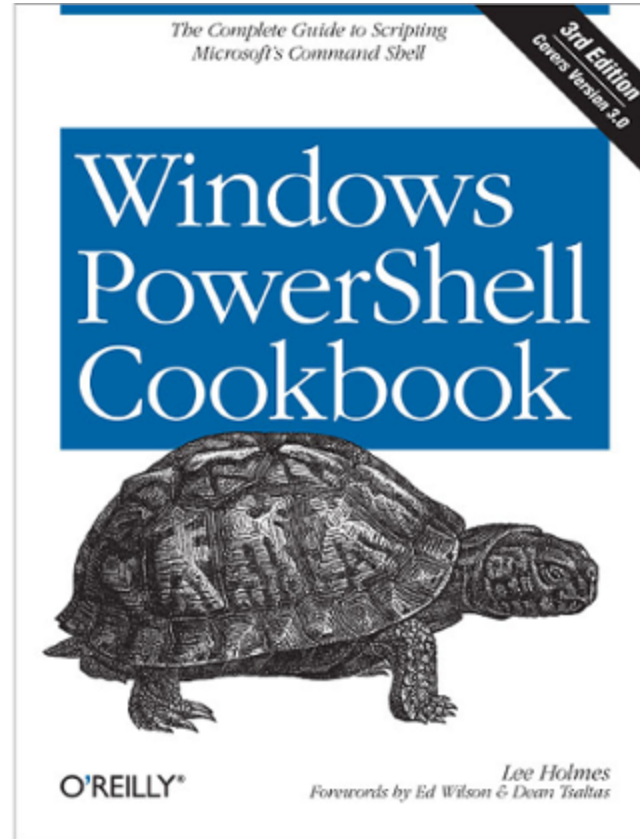
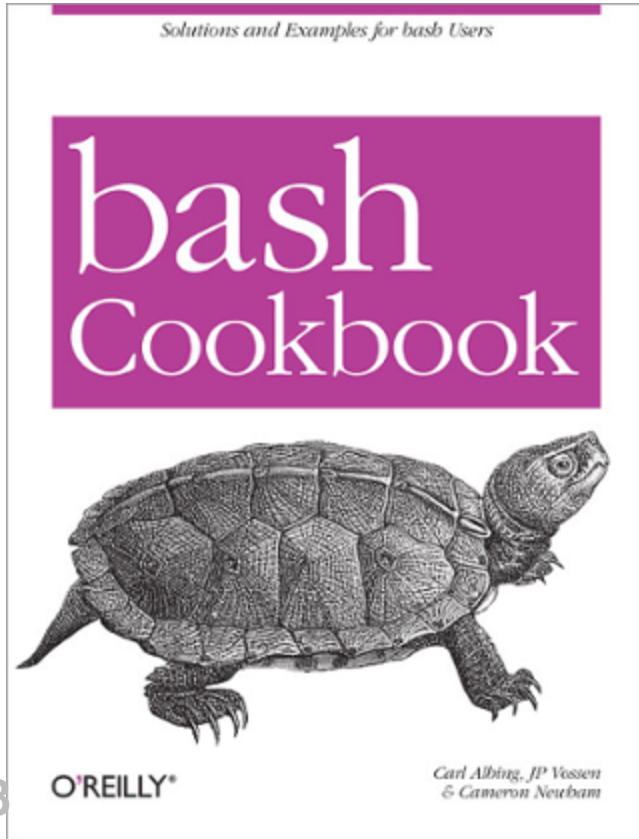
It is now possible to create arrays in batch files.  
Of course you assign them like this:

```
set myarray[0]=butter
set myarray[1]=lights
set myarray[2]=orb
```

But to obtain the value of an array item by specifying  
it's index by a variable would work by calling this function:

```
REM Example call: call :getitem myarray 1 value
REM After that: 'echo %value%' outputs in this case "lights"
:getitem
set array.name=%1
set array.index=%2
set outputvar=%3
for /f "delims=[=] tokens=1,2,3" %%a in ('set %array.name%[') do (
if %%b==%array.index% set %outputvar%=%%c
)
goto :eof
```

# BASH vs. PoSH





# Scripting languages

- Perl
- Python
- Ruby
- Lua
- Javascript
- ...

# Multi-platform support

**Does it work  
on Windows?**

# Operational simplicity

# Maintainable code

# Stable ecosystem

# Rich extension library

# Groovy is just a JAR

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# Reuse JVM knowledge

# GVM

01. `curl -s get.gvmtool.net | bash`
02. `gvm install groovy 2.3.6`
03. `gvm default groovy 2.3.6`
04. `gvm list groovy`

# PoSH GVM

01. > posh-gvm.psm1 cannot be loaded
02. > because the execution of scripts
03. > is disabled on this system.

**Speed up!**

# GroovyServ

```
$ time groovy -e "println 'Hello, Groovy.'"
Hello, Groovy.

real    0m0.712s
user    0m1.179s
sys     0m0.106s

$ time groovyclient -e "println 'Hello, GroovyServ.'"
Hello, GroovyServ.

real    0m0.034s
user    0m0.001s
sys     0m0.002s

$ How fast!
```

**Files,  
directories,  
and other  
animals**

# Reading

```
01. f = new File('test.txt')
02. String textContent = f.text
03. byte[] binaryContent = file.bytes
```

# Writing I



```
01. f << 'hello, this is a test file'  
02. f.text = new URL('http://server/my_data.json').text  
03. file.bytes = [ 65, 66, 67, 68 ] as byte[]
```



# Writing II



01. `file.text = '''What's in a name? That which we call a rose`
02. `By any other name would smell as sweet.'''`
04. `file << 'What\'s in a name? That which we call a rose\n'`
05. `file << 'By any other name would smell as sweet.'`

# Writing III



```
01. file.withWriter { Writer writer ->
02.     writer << 'What\'s in a name? That which we call a rose\n'
03.     writer << 'By any other name would smell as sweet.'
04. }
05. file.withOutputStream { OutputStream stream ->
07.     stream << 'What\'s in a name? That which we call a rose\n'
08.     stream << 'By any other name would smell as sweet.'
09. }
```

# Line-by-line

```
01. def lines = f.readlines()  
02. lines.each { String line ->  
03.   println line  
04. }
```

# eachLine and eachByte

```
01. f.eachLine { String line ->
02.     println line
03. }
04. file.eachByte { int b ->
05.     ...
06. }
```

# Filtering I

```
01. outputFile.withPrintWriter { writer ->
02.     inputFile.eachLine { line ->
03.         if (!line.startsWith('#')) {
04.             writer.println(line)
05.         }
06.     }
07. }
```

# Filtering II



```
01. inputFile.filterLine(outputFile.newWriter()) { line ->
02.     !line.startsWith('#')
03. }
```

# Filtering III

```
01. outputFile.withWriter { Writer writer ->
02.     inputFile.withReader { Reader reader ->
03.         reader.transformLine(writer) { String line ->
04.             line.replaceAll('\t', ' ')
05.         }
06.     }
07. }
```

# Filtering IV

```
01. inputFile.withReader { reader ->
02.     reader.transformLine(outputFile.newWriter()) { line ->
03.         line.replaceAll('\t', ' ')
04.     }
05. }
```



# Filtering V

```
01. outputFile.text = inputFile.text.replaceAll('\t', '  ')
```

# Walking the path

# eachFile and eachDir

```
01. f.eachFile { File file ->
02.   ...
03. }
04. f.eachDir { File dir ->
05.   ...
06. }
```

# Recursive walking I

```
01. currentDir.listFiles { File file ->
02.   println file.name
03. }
04. currentDir.listFiles { File dir ->
05.   println dir.name
06. }
```

# Recursive walking II

```
01. currentDir.traverse { File file ->
02.     if (file.name.endsWith('.groovy')) {
03.         println file.name
04.     }
05. }
```

# Recursive walking III

```
01. currentDir.traverse(nameFilter: ~/*\.groovy/) { File file ->
02.     println file.name
03. }
```

# Recursive walking IV

```
01. import static groovy.io.FileType.*
02. ...
03. currentDir.traverse(
04.     type: FILES,
05.     nameFilter: ~/.*\\.groovy/,
06.     excludeNameFilter: ~/^C.*$/ ) { File file ->
07.     println file.name
08. }
```

# Extending File I

```
01. File.metaClass.safeDelete = {
02.     if (exists()) {
03.         if (isDirectory()) {
04.             if (!deleteDir()) {
05.                 def msg = "Unable to delete a directory: ${name}"
06.                 throw new IOException(msg)
07.             }
08.             ...

```



# Extending File II

```
01.     ...
02.     } else {
03.         if (!delete()) {
04.             def msg = "Unable to delete a file: ${name}"
05.             throw new IOException(msg)
06.         }
07.     }
08. }
09. }
```

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# Extending File III

01. `File f = new File('test.txt')`
02. `f.safeDelete()`
03. `File d = new File('test_dir')`
04. `d.safeDelete()`

# External commands



```
01. def exitValue = "ls -l".execute().exitValue()
02. if (!exitValue) {
03.     println "Command failed with exit code: ${exitValue}"
04. }
```

# Defensive scripting

**Do you like  
NPPEs?**

# Even simple things can cause NPE

## Java:

```
01. System.out.println(user.  
02.         getAddress().  
03.         getCity())
```

## Groovy:

```
01. println user.  
02.         address.  
03.         city
```

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# Safe navigation operator (?.)

01. `println user?.`
02. `address?.`
03. `city`

# Elvis operator (?:)

01. `println user?.`
02. `address?.`
03. `city ?: "No idea"`



# Closures for DSLs

# Imaginary DSL

```
01. transaction {
02.   request {
03.     id      = '2L'
04.     name    = 'PUT'
05.     amount  = 25
06.   }
07.   request {
08.     ...
09.   }
10. }
```

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# DSL: transaction() method

```
01. def transaction(Closure cl) {
02.     def processor = new RequestProcessor()
03.     try {
04.         processor.init()
05.         cl.delegate = processor
06.         cl()
07.         sendRequests()
08.     } finally {
09.         processor.cleanup()
10.     }}
```

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# DSL: request() method

```
01. class RequestProcessor {
02.   def requests = []
03.   def request(Closure cl) {
04.     def request = new Request()
05.     requests << request
06.     cl.delegate = request
07.     cl()
08.   }
09.   52...
```

# DSL: Request structure



```
01. class Request {  
02.     String id  
03.     String name  
04.     String amount  
05. }
```

# Data manipulation

# XML



```
01. import groovy.util.XmlSlurper
02. def xmlSource = new File('shakespeare.xml')
03. def bibliography = new XmlSlurper().parse(xmlSource)
04. println bibliography.author
05. bibliography.play
06.         .findAll { it.year.toInteger() > 1592 }
07.         .each { println it.title }
```

# JSON



```
01. import groovy.json.JsonSlurper
02. def reader = new FileReader('ui.json')
03. def ui = new JsonSlurper().parse(reader)
04. ui.items.each { println it.type }
05. println ui.items[0]
06.         .axes
07.         .find {
08.             it.fields.contains('y')
09.         }.title
```

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**Grab your  
stuff!**

# @Grab: import

01. `@Grab('org.apache.httpcomponents:httpclient:4.2.1')`
02. `import org.apache.http.impl.client.DefaultHttpClient`
03. `import org.apache.http.client.methods.HttpGet`

## @Grab: variable

```
01. @Grab('org.apache.httpcomponents:httpclient:4.2.1')
02. def httpClient =
03.     new org.apache.http.impl.client.DefaultHttpClient()
```

## @Grab: method

```
01. @Grab('org.apache.httpcomponents:HttpClient:4.2.1')
02. def getHttpClient() {
03.     new org.apache.http.impl.client.DefaultHttpClient()
04. }
```

## @Grab: class

```
01. @Grab('org.apache.httpcomponents:httpclient:4.2.1')
02. class Searcher {
03.     def httpClient
04.     Searcher() {
05.         httpClient =
06.             new org.apache.http.impl.client.DefaultHttpClient()
07.     }
08. }
```

# @Grab: multiple



```
01. @Grapes([
02.     @Grab('org.apache.httpcomponents:httpclient:4.2.1'),
03.     @Grab('org.ccil.cowan.tagsoup:tagsoup:1.2')] )
04. class Searcher { ... }
```

# @Grab: repository

```
01. @GrabResolver(name='codehaus',  
02.                 root='http://repository.codehaus.org/')  
03. class Searcher { ... }
```

# @Grab: exclude

```
01. @GrabExclude(group='commons-codec',  
02.                module='commons-codec')  
03. class Searcher { ... }
```



**HTTP**

# HTTPBuilder: import



```
01. @Grab(  
02.     group='org.codehaus.groovy.modules.http-builder',  
03.     module='http-builder',  
04.     version='0.6'  
05. )  
06. import groovyx.net.http.*
```

# HTTPBuilder: instantiation



```
01. def baseUrl = 'http://api.duckduckgo.com'  
02. def queryString = 'q=groovy&format=json&pretty=1'  
03. def http = new HTTPBuilder(baseUrl)
```

# HTTPBuilder: request

```
01. http.request(Method.POST) {
02.     send ContentType.URLENC, queryString
03.     response.success = { response, reader ->
04.         println response.statusLine
05.         println reader.text
06.     }
07.     response.failure = { response ->
08.         println response.statusLine
09.     }
10. }
```

# SQL

# SQL: settings

```
01. import groovy.sql.Sql
02. def dbSettings = [
04.     url: 'jdbc:hsqldb:hsqldb://localhost/cookingdb',
05.     driver: 'org.hsqldb.jdbcDriver',
06.     user: 'sa',
07.     password: ''
08. ]
```

# SQL: query

```
01. def sql = Sql.newInstance(dbSettings)
02. sql.eachRow('SELECT * FROM COOKBOOK') { cookbook ->
04.     printf '%-20s%s\n',
05.         cookbook.id,
06.         cookbook[1]
07. }
```

# Groovy as a server (GaaS?)

01. > groovy -l 4444 -e "println new Date()" &
02. > telnet localhost 4444
03. hey groovy give me the date
04. Wed Feb 04 10:03:23 EET 2015



# Ratpack

# Ratpack: import



01. `@Grab("io.ratpack:ratpack-groovy:0.9.4")`
02. `import static ratpack.groovy.Groovy.ratpack`

# Ratback: script body

```
01. ratpack {
02.   handlers {
03.     get {
04.       response.send "This is the app root (try: /date)"
05.     }
06.     get("date") {
07.       response.send new Date().toString()
08.     }
09.   }
10. }
```

**Sshoogr**

# Sshoogr: import

```
01. @Grab(  
02.     group='com.aestasis.infrastructure.sshoogr',  
03.     module='sshogr',  
04.     version='0.9.16')  
05. import static com.aestasis.ssh.DefaultSsh.*
```

# Sshoogr: defaults

```
01. defaultUser      = 'root'
02. defaultKeyFile  = new File('secret.pem')
03. execOptions {
04.   verbose         = true
05.   showCommand     = true
06. }
```

# Sshoogr: connection

```
01. remoteSession {
02.   url = 'user2:654321@localhost:2222'
03.   exec 'rm -rf /tmp/*'
04.   exec 'touch /var/lock/my.pid'
05.   remoteFile('/var/my.conf').text = "enabled=true"
06. }
```

# Sshoogr: multi-line content



```
01. remoteFile('/etc/yum.repos.d/puppet.repo').text = '''
02.   [puppet]
03.   name=Puppet Labs Packages
04.   baseurl=http://yum.puppetlabs.com/el/
05.   enabled=0
06.   gpgcheck=0
07. '''
```



# Sshoogr: file copying

```
01. remoteSession {  
02.   scp {  
03.     from { localDir "$buildDir/application" }  
04.     into { remoteDir '/var/bea/domain/application' }  
05.   }  
06. }
```

# Sshoogr: command result

```
01. def result = exec(command: '/usr/bin/mycmd',
02.   failOnError: false, showOutput: false)
03. if (result.exitStatus == 1) {
04.   result.output.eachLine { line ->
05.     if (line.contains('WARNING')) {
06.       throw new RuntimeException("First warning: ${line}")
07.     }
08.   }
09. }
```

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# Sshoogr: shortcuts



```
01. if (ok('/usr/bin/mycmd')) {  
02.   ...  
03. }  
04. if (fail('/usr/bin/othercmd')) {  
05.   ...  
06. }
```

# Sshoogr: tunnels

```
01. tunnel('1.2.3.4', 8080) { int localPort ->
02.   def url = "http://localhost:${localPort}/flushCache"
03.   def result = new URL(url).text
04.   if (result == 'OK') {
05.     println "Cache is flushed!"
06.   } else {
07.     throw new RuntimeException(result)
08.   }
09. }
```

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# Sshoogr: prefix/suffix

```
01. prefix('sudo ') {
02.   exec 'rm -rf /var/log/abc.log'
03.   exec 'service abc restart'
04. }
05. suffix(' >> output.log') {
06.   exec 'yum -y install nginx'
07.   exec 'yum -y install mc'
08.   exec 'yum -y install links'
09. }
```

# Summary

# Take-aways

- Groovy scripts are portable
- Groovy scripts are concise
- Well, the name is groovy as well!

# Reading material



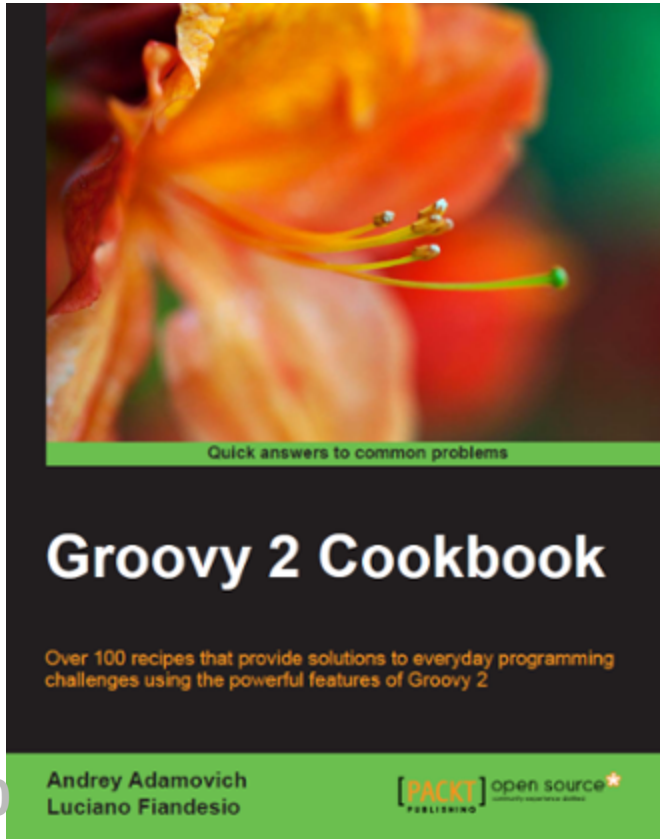
<http://groovy-lang.org/>



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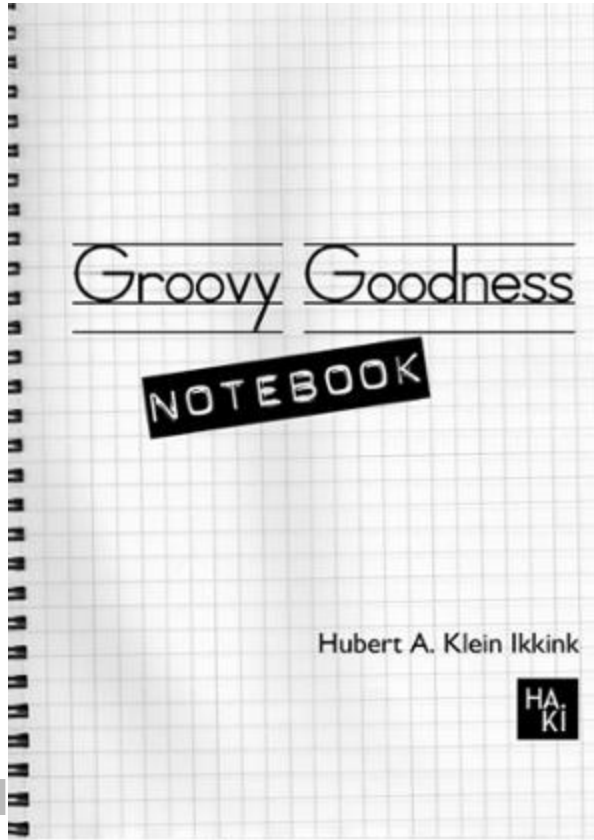
Groovy is a powerful, optionally typed and dynamic language, with static-typing and static compilation capabilities, for the Java platform aimed at multiplying developers' productivity thanks to a concise, familiar and easy to learn syntax. It integrates

# Groovy 2 Cookbook



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# Groovy Goodness



# Questions?

**Thank you!**

**Happy  
scripting!**